

Ficha Prática 8

Large Language Models

Some platforms (like Hugging Face Inference API) provide access to LLaVA models without needing local setup.

Option 1: Using LLaVA via an Online API

Step 1: Get API Access

1. Sign up on [Hugging Face](#).
2. Go to LLaVA models.
3. If there's an API endpoint, obtain the token.

Step 2: Use Python to Call the API

```
import requests
API_URL = "https://api-inference.huggingface.co/models/liuhaotian/llava-v1.5-7b"
HEADERS = {"Authorization": "Bearer YOUR_HF_API_KEY"}
def query_llava(text):
    payload = {"inputs": text}
    response = requests.post(API_URL, headers=HEADERS, json=payload)
    return response.json()
print(query_llava("Describe the content of an image."))
```

Option 2: Using LLaVA Locally

Step 1: Install Dependencies

Ensure you have PyTorch installed:

```
pip install torch torchvision torchaudio --index-url https://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu121
```

Install other dependencies:

```
pip install transformers accelerate bitsandbytes
pip install git+https://github.com/huggingface/transformers.git
```

Step 2: Download and Load LLaVA

```
from transformers import AutoProcessor, AutoModelForCausalLM
import torch
model_name = "liuhaotian/llava-v1.5-7b"
device = "cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu"
processor = AutoProcessor.from_pretrained(model_name)
model = AutoModelForCausalLM.from_pretrained(model_name,
torch_dtype=torch.float16).to(device)
def llava_inference(prompt):
    inputs = processor(text=prompt, return_tensors="pt").to(device)
    output = model.generate(**inputs, max_new_tokens=100)
    return processor.batch_decode(output, skip_special_tokens=True)[0]
print(llava_inference("Hello, LLaVA!"))
```

- 1) **Unimodal Text Prompting.** Create a Python script that interacts with the LLM, using text queries.
 - a. Start with a vague prompt (e.g., “Explain blockchain”).
 - b. Analyze its shortcomings (e.g., lack of depth, missing aspects).
 - c. Apply refinement techniques:
 - i. Specify required details (e.g., “Explain blockchain focusing on consensus mechanisms”).
 - ii. Use delimiters (e.g., “Provide a structured response: Introduction | Key Components | Challenges”).
 - d. Add role-based instructions (e.g., “Act as a cybersecurity expert”).
 - e. Compare responses before and after refinement.
 - f. Repeat until an optimal prompt is achieved.
- 2) **Image Generation.** Create a Python script that asks for a specific kind of image. Then, based in the feedback provided by the user, the model should regenerate the image, to obtain the specific desired features
- 3) **Multimodal Prompting.** Create a Python script that fuses image plus text data as input, in order to extract meaningful information from the image.
 - a. Ask about specific properties of the image being given as input.



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- b. Ask the LLM to edit the given image, in a specified direction.